RAUM'S OFFICE.

ITS ADMINISTRATION DISCUSSED BY THE HOUSE.

Talk of an Investigation of the Charges of Corrupt Methods.

The Bill Passed Providing for Additions Force to Carry out the Dependent Pension Act.

Six Hundred and Thirty-Six New Clerk ships Created by the Bill-Mr. Sherman Will Seek to Put Reserve Funds in Circulation-The Detailed Proceedings

WASHINGTON, July 15 .- Mr. Cannon, of WASRINGTON, July 15.—Mr. Cannon, of Minois, moved that the house go into committee of the whole for consideration of the bill appropriating \$636,189 for additional clerical force to carry into effect the provisions of the dependent pension act. The additional force provided for is 630.

Pending this motion he moved that the general debate be limited to two hours. Agreed to—yeas 114, nays 60. One hundred and twenty-two members were announced as paired on this vote.

and twenty-two members were announced as paired on this vote.

The previous motion was then agreed to —yeas 185, nays 37. And according to it the house went into committee (Mr. Burrows, of Michigan, in the chair) on the bill study.

Mr. Dockery, of Missouri, criticised the majority of the committee on appropria-tion for the failure to pay the pensions which would be granted under the depend-ent pension bill, and intimated that it was

attributable to political reasons. tributable to political reasons. The appropriation would not be made before the ovember election.

Mr. Cannon and that the money would existing law. Ruled out on a point of November about not be made before the

Mr. Dockery was glad that the gentle

ciency bill.

Mr. Dockery was glad that the gentleman had acknowledged that it was the intention of the majority to bring in an enormous deficiency bill after the election.

Mr. Savers, of Texas, predicted that the next session of congress would be called upon to appropriate no less than \$40,000,000 to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the payment of pensions.

Mr. Enlore, of Tennessee, thought that before any increase of force was granted the pension bureau it should be ascertained whether the charges brought against the present commissioner were true. It had been alleged in a resolution offered by Mr. Cooper, of Indiana, that the commissioner had changed the ruling of the department in the interest of a pension attorney in this city. This had taken hundreds of thousands of dollars of the people's money and paid it to claimants who were not entitled to anything. It had been agreed that the pension office was corrupt from bottom to top. He himself believed that the office was recking with corruption in every department.

J. D. Tavior, of Ohio, did not believe

Mr. Enloe declared that every other department bureau of the government except the pension bureau was conducted on business principles and was open to investigation. About that bureau there appeared to be something sacred or something rotten, and in his opinion the reason that bureau had not been investigated was because of the rottenness which was specified in the rottenness. To investigate the three that the rottenness which was specified in the rottenness that the object of it was to throw open to settlement the lands intended by the act of October, 1888, to be reserved for irrigation. Without disposing of the amendment the sentence of the province of the rottenness of the rottenness where the rottenness that the object of it was to throw open to settlement the lands intended by the act of October, 1888, to be reserved for irrigation. Without disposing of the amendment the sentence that the lands intended by the act of October, 1888, to be reserved for irrigation. Without disposing of the amendment the sentence of the rottenness that the control of the rottenness where the rottenness that the rottenness that the rottenness which was the rottenness that the rottenness that the rottenness where the rottenness that the rottenness where the rottenness that the rottenness that the rottenness where the rottenness that the rottenness cause of the rottenness which was

known to be concealed.

Mr. Cooper, of Indiana, said that facts
had come to his knowledge which substantlated the rumors which had been circulated in the newspapers respecting the commissioner of pensions. He was ready to prove before a competent committee that the charges were true. He expected to prove that the commissioner of pensions had outrageously sold out a ruling on behalf of a firm of pension attorneys in Washington. He did not desire to be misunderstood. He was favorable to the appropriation made by the bill; but he bepropriation made by the bill; but he believed that if the commissioner of pensions would devote the time for which the government paid him to the discharge of the duties of his bureau instead of becoming president and chief manager of a refrigerating institution based possibly on no substantial foundation, there would be no necessity for so considerable a number of clerks. The bureau should be administered honest by and he charged before the country that that was not the case at this day and an investigation would show it.

ly and he charged before the country that that was not the case at this day and an investigation would show it.

Mr. Cannon, of Illinois, said that his party while in power would appropriate money to pay the debts of the government, including this—the greatest equity—the pension debt. As to the statements made by the gentleman from Indiana, he had not known until last Friday that Mr. Cooper had introduced the investigation resolution. If he (Cannon) had introduced such a resolution and a hearing was in progress, he would wait until the hearing was completed.

Mr. Cooper replied that the committee on rules, after hearing his statement, had adjourned to meet last Monday, but it did not meet to pursue the inquiry because the gentleman from Illinois (Cannon) and others had absented themselves.

Mr. Cannon said that he had been absent Monday for the first time in eighteen lears. The gentleman's eagerness would seem to show an arxiety to figure in the newspapers. It might be that the administration of the pension bureau was cortupt. If so, the name of no witness had been mentioned to show it. But he wanted to say if it be corrupt, let it be shown. From an acquaintance of twenty years with Green B. Kamm, from his honorable

If to say if it be corrupt, let it be shown. From an acquaintance of twenty years with Green B. Raum, from his honorable rareer, the responsible position held by him for years in the treasury and his uniform good character—from all these things he would say that if it should be true that in these last days he had fallen under tempration, it was a rare case and for one would not condemn him until the

proof was shown.

Mr. Ecloe, of Tennessee, asked if Commissioner Raum himself should not join the gentleman from Indiana (Mr. Cooper)

Mr. McKinley, of Ohio, said that owing Mr. Morking, or only standing the had not been present at the meeting of the committee on rules to which the gentleman from Indiana (Mr. Cooper) had alluded. So far as any investigation of General ton.

Raum was concerne!, if any gentleman would rise in his place and charge irregularities or corruption, or dishonesty and unfair dealing on the part of the commissioner, that would be sufficient reason frhim to give his vote for an investigation. If any gentleman on the floor made charges against any executive officer he would yote for an investigation.

Mr. Rogers, of Arkansas, asked why it was, this being so, that the committee on rules had not taken ection on the resolution for the investigation of federal officers in Oklahoma.

TheWirhita

Mr. McKinley said that he did not know such a resolution was pending. It had never been brought to his attention. such a resolution was pending. It has never been brought to his attention.

Mr. Rogers remarked that when the Okiahoma bill was under discussion, the gentleman from Missouri (Mr. Mansur) had offered a resolution to investigate the land office in Guthrie. This resolution had been published throughout the country and yet the gentleman from Ohio was now informed of it for the first time.

Mr. McKinley responded that it had not been called to his attention by the chairman of the committee.

man of the committee.

Mr. Rogers thought it opportune to note that the gentleman from Ohio was not informed of the business of the committee on rules by the chairman.

Mr. Cannon said that while he was ready

Mr. Cannon said that while he was ready to vote for every proper investigation, he did not go so far as the gentleman from Ohio. A charge on the part of a member of congress (who frequently did not weigh his words) of maladministration against an executive officer, was not sufficient to authorize the house to order an investigation. It must be a specific charge of which the representative made himself responsible. He must give such facts and circumstances as would satisfy the house that the investigation ought to be made. When that was done, he for one was ready to do that was done, he for one was ready to do what he could to forward the investiga

ion.
Mr. Rogers inquired whether the committee on rules did not keep a record.
Mr. Cannon presumed that it kept a

journal.
Mr. Rogers persisted in his question,
whereupon Mr. Cannon declined to be ross-examined.

Mr. Rogers disclaimed desire of embarassing his friends.

Ms. Cannon denied Mr. Rogers' ability

o embarrass.

Mr. Houk, of Tennessee, offered an mendment providing that the persons mployed under this bill shall be appor-

Mr. Cannon and that the money would be appropriated and paid just as rapidly as the prosion certificates were issued. Mr. Pockery charged that the majority were affrighted by the startling appropriations which had been made at the present session and was running away from the provisions of the pension laws and refusing to appropriate the necessary money until after the elections.

Mr. Evans, of Tennessee, declared that the apportionment of government employes to the various states was unfair and alluded to the civil service law as the great national lottery. In speaking to a verbal amendment, Mr. Peters, of Kansas, stated as a reason why no additional appropriation was made to carry out the provisions of the dependent pension bill that few, if any of the cases,

Peters, of Kansas, stated as a reason why no additional appropriation was made to carry out the provisions of the dependent pension bill that few, if any of the cases, could be adjudicated before the 1st of Jan-nary, at which time congress would be in session, and ready to make the necessary appropriations.

During a colloquy between Messrs Cannon

and Houk concerning the civil service law, there was considerable warmth of expression, and Mr. Houk said that Mr. Cannon had no right to make personal reflections.
Mr. Cannon—There is one thing I have no right to do, and that is to make a com-

mon nuisance of myself.

Mr. Houk—Then you have done what you have no right to do, because you have demonstrated now that you are a nuisance.

The committee then rose, the bill was passed and the house adjourned.

TO INCREASE THE CIRCULATION.

hundreds of thousands of dollars of the people's money and paid it to claimants who were not entitled to anything. It had been agreed that the pension office was corrupt from bottom to top. He himself believed that the office was recking with corruption in every department.

J. D. Taylor, of Ohio, did not believe that any member had a right to make such infamous charges against an executive officer. If he were a man of courage he would make an affidavit.

Mr. Enloe retorted that if the gentleman wanted to find out whether he (Enloe) was

wanted to find out whether he (Euloc) was a man of courage all he had to do was to investigate the matter personally.

Mr. Cannon good naturedly offered to play second to either or both of the parties.

Mr. Euloc declared that every other department bureau of the government ex-

Washington, July 15.—Assistant Attorney General Colton left Washington last evening for St. Paul and Minneapolis under orders to investigate the alleged tregularities in the census returns in those

PENSION FOR MRS. FREMONT. WASHINGTON, July 15—In the house to-day Mr. Vandever, of California, intro-duced a bill granting a pension of \$5,000 a year to the widow of the late John C.

PENDLETON IS GONE.

THE TRIBBLE TRIAL.

Thoy, Kan., July 15.—The preliminary trial of Joseph Tribble, charged with the nurder of Alexander Kincaid in Septem ber, 1861, is being held here today. A nam-ber of witnesses have been examined, but none have restified positively to the facts of the killing. Tribbic is a resident of Mississippi and was here on a visit when he was recognized and arrested.

the gentleman from Indiana (Mr. Cooper in demanding an investigation.

Mr. Cannon replied that the house would determine whether there should be an investigation. It was not every accumulated as investigation. It was not every accumulated as statement yesterday in which she was the last was not the barking no, he would not say that—it was not the barking no, he would not say that—it was not the interest of the country of the air by every gentleman or individual that put everybody on the defensive.

A MOTHER'S EVIDENT INSANITY.

RUTLAND, Vt., July 15.—Mrs. Williams, who instead the independence and wealth, and they are with a said she cut the children's throat with a said she cut the children's throat with a razor and then set fire to the house. She said she wanted to join her husband, who was killed a few weeks ago, and did not want to leave her children.

GARNETT NEWS NOTES.

GARNETT, Kan., July 15.—Garnett voted want to leave her children.

With push, energy and proper management.

GARNETT NEWS NOTES.

GARNETT, Kan., July 15.—Garnett voted want to leave her children.

UNDER ARREST FOR FORGERY. LEXINGTON, Ky. July 15.—B. S. White, wanted in Washington City for forgery, left last night, under arrest, for Washing-

NOT CROP WEATHER.

NORTHERN KANSAS SUFFERING FROM DROUGHT.

The Prospect Along the Kansas and Nebraska Missouri Pacific Branches.

Way Over a Hundred Registered in Many Places in the Two States.

Good Local Rains Reported Over the State Yesterday and Monday-The Santa Fe and Chase County Case Now Being Heard-New Corporations-Western Gossip,

Archison, Kan., July 15.—C. M. Rathburn, superintendent of the Missouri Pacific lines north and west of Kansas City, made the following summary of crop prospects en his lines, which was compiled from messages received from agents, division superintendents, prominent grain men and personal observations:

Central Branch division, yield of wheat, two-thirds of an average crop; oats, one-third of an average, Corn, from Atchison to Waterville, is in fair condition; will make about 85 per cent of last year's yield. Waterville to Palmer, looking well on account of rain last week. Palmer to Downs, looking well, but dry. North Solomon branch, looking bad, but will make half acrop.

"Pacific in Nebraska, corn looking well, but weather excessively hot and crop damaging fast. Bur Oak branch, corn looking well, but suffering for rain. Jewell branch, looking fairly well. Early corn on entire Central Branch division amounts to nothing. Between Kansas City and Atchison corn will be an average crop. Atchison corn will be an average crop. Atchison to Falls City, good stand: Falls City to Weeping Water, looks well for an average crop. Lincoln branch promises about two-thirds of last year's crop. Corn looks well on Crete branch because of about two-thirds of last year's crop. Corn looks well on Crete branch because of recent rains. This is the present condition of corn on the division, but it is excessively hot: some places yesterday 105. The corn crop depends on rain this week, and if the hot weather continues there will not be enough corn to feed working stock on the line."

on the line. on the line."

At Auburn, Neb., Sunday the thermometer registered 109 in the shade. At Hiawatha the same day it reached 105. A report from Gaylord, in northern Kansas, says the thermometer registered 108 on

Sunday.

Reliable thermometers in Atchison have registered from 102 to 104 today, and yesterday and today have been generally voted the warmest of the season.

voted the warmest of the season.

Hot winds prevailed Sunday all over western Kansas and southern and western Nebraska. It is very warm in the same district today, and what little moisture there is in the ground is fast disappearing. Should a great rain fall this week, a little corn might be saved.

RAIN IN THE STATE.

LINCOLN CENTER, Kan., July 15.—Lincoln was visited with a big rain last night and it put the corn crop out of danger for the present. The rain seemed to be general and the hot weather is no doubt over.

COLUMBUS, Kan., July 15.—A good rain fell this morning. The corn crop is assured.

BUILLINGTON, Kan., July 14.-A soaking rain last night. Corn had not suffer

any since the last rain.

Patisons, Kan., July 15.—Slight rains on
Saturday, Sunday and Monday. Corn is
in first-class condition, except on alkali Lyons, Kan., July 15 .- A light rain fell

last night. Early corn is greatly damaged; late is all right.

late is all right.

Seneca, Kan., July 15.—The first heavy rain for weeks fell here last night. The crops are badly damaged.

CHASE, Kan., July 15.—A heavy rain fell last night. Crops are now considered safe.

TOPERA, Kan., July 15.—Last night at about 10:30 a heavy rain commenced falling and continued for over an hour. Fully one inch of water must have fallen. This rain has been heard from as far southwest as Harveyville. Wanbunsee county. More

Harveyville, Wallounsee county, alore rain is threatened.

PREDONIA, Kan., July 15.—A splendid rain fell here last night, wetting the ground to a depth of at least three inches. The rain was general over Wilson county. The farmers are in good spirits and prospects are fair for nearly an average crop of corn.

EUREKA, Kan., July 15.-About midnight last night a heavy rain commenced falling here and continued until ? o clock this merning. The rain was general and came in time to save the corn crop and in-

and Left.

Fort Worth, Tex., July 15.—As developments are made in the Mayor Pendleton scandal it becomes more apparent that he will not return to Fort Worth. He left the city with not less than \$50,000, which he obtained by giving deeds of trust on his property here. An effort will be made to save the balance of his estate for his wife and children, but when the incumbrances are lifted there will be lit le left. Mrs. Pendleton's brother has received a dispatch saying that she knew nothing of the divorce Pendleton is said to have procured from her in Chicago. The judge in New Orleans who married Pendleton and Miss Cullen's ays he did not know Pendleton had told Miss Cullen's family that all his intimate friends knew of his divorce. As new facts come to light it is shown he has been guilty of deception with everyone.

PROBABLL AN IMPOSTER.

Leavenworth, Kan, July 15.—A man in anned Cecil H. Wood was arrested here last night on the strength of a telegram from the St. Louis chief of police where he is wanted on a charge of embezalement. He claims to be here for the purpose of placing a new system of block signals at this point for the Union Pacific railroad. When arrested a number of railroad passes and blue print drawings of his signal block system were found among his effects. He is an Englishman and has traveled in almost every part of the globe. He is said to be an imposter.

THE TRIBBLE TRIAL.

TROY, Kan., July 15.—The preliminary lands very convenient to the city. These gentiemen estimate that each beast will take of 800 pounds of flesh this summer, and estimating 800 pounds at \$4 per 100 pounds would be \$12 per head that each

ast will increase in value. While Colonel Cone and son are making While Colonel Cone and son are making a specialty of handling cattle, the agricultural department of their farms are not by any means neglected. They have 160 acres tof wheat all in the stack, and have minety acres of fine growing corn. This full they, intend sawing 160 acres to rye, and this will afford pasture for their cattle until about Chrismas. Certain it is

with push, energy and proper management.

GARNETT NEWS NOTES.

GARNETT Kan. July 15.—Garnett voted \$50,60 bonds today for the construction of water works for the city.

The Anderson country normal began in this city vesterday with an attendance of 140. Professor D. E. Sanders, of the Fort Scott normal school, is conductor. Scott normal school, is conductor.

NEW COPORATIONS. TOPEKA, Kan., July 15.—Charters were ranted to new Kansas corporations as

The Young Men's Christian association of Eureka, Kan. Trustees—A.F. Burnett, N. H. Hawkins, L. H. Lake, W. H. Mason, H. F. Rizer.

The Prisoners' Home association, the ob The Prisoners' Home association, the object of which is to found and maintain a home for worthy exprisoners when they leave the penitentiary or other penal institutions to maintain them until they can find work, and to find work for them. Directors—John N. Reynolds, D. C. Arnold, A. S. Hall, L. A. Wakefield, Atchison; J. F. Allison, St. Joseph. The home to be located at Atchison.

The Aerra Alliance Shipping association. The Agra Alliance Shipping association, of Agra, Phillips county, Directors—D. W. Smedley, L. D. Scott, E. A. Allen, C. A. Hassler, A. C. Lenor and Samuel Merri-

field.

The North Branch Academy association of North Branch, Jewell county, Directors—Zim Hodly, Wm. S. Stanton, Mahlon Lamb, A. A. Davis, B. B. Hiatt, A. H. Rinard, D. H. Dillon, Asa Folger and Jason Kellum. Capital stock, \$20,000.

The Wear Coal company, of Topeka; capital stock, \$30,000. Directors—F. E. Wear, N. S. Wear, T. G. Wear, W. H. Alston and M. H. Cozier, all of Topeka.

A BIG RAILROAD CASE.

A BIG RAILROAD CASE.

TOPERA, Kan., July 15.—W. H. Johnson, special commissioner of the supreme court, is engaged in hearing an action brought by the Santa Fe railroad company, owner of the Chicago, Kansas & Western railway company, to compel Chase county to deliver \$80,000 in bonds voted to the latter road. The supreme court issued an alternative writ of mandamus companying the county commissioners to issued an alternative writ of mandamus commanding the county commissioners to issue the bonds or show cause. The case was once tried and resulted in a mistrial. The record in the former case was one of the largest ever filed in the supreme court. It is expected that several mouths will be consumed in taking the testimony in this case, as several hundred people will be subpoenaed for examination. The county claims that the road was not built in accordance with the terms upon which the bonds were voted that the division facilities promised have not been provided, and that the original petition upon which the election was called petition upon which the election was called did not comply with the statute require-ments because of insufficient names. All these allegations the railroad company de-nies, and holds that it is entitled to the

bonds and accrued interest, amounting to nearly \$100,000. AN ORIGINAL PACKAGE CASE. LEAVENWORTH, Kan., July 15 - William Dabner was arrested last Saturday night Dabner was arrested last Saturday night by the police on the charge of running a "joint" at the corner of Twelith and Spruce streets. He was tried in the police court this morning and proved that he kept an "original package" establishment. His attorney, Judge A. F. Callahan, showed that the defendant bought his bottles of beer and whisky in Stillingsville, Mo., and hauled them over to Leavenworth in express wagons, packed in hay worth in express wagons, packed in hay and straw in the wagon bed. He quoted the decision of the supreme and United States circuit courts, bearing on this question, and demanded that, under the law, the defendant be discharged.

Judge Pierce took the same view of the case and discharged the defendant. This, being the first original package case tried in this city, excited a deep interest.

TRAINMEN'S DEMANDS. TRAINMEN'S DEMANDS.

TOPERA, Kan., July 15.—General Manager A. A. Robinson, of the Santa Fe system, gave a hearing to the trainmen's grievance committee, recently appointed at a meeting in Newton. The trainmen presented their case in writing, substantially demanding cents a mile for freight conductors and 30 cents am hour for overtime, 2 cents a mile for freight brakemen and 20 cents an hour for overtime, \$125 a month for passenger conductors and the abolition of the grading system, 3.5.0 miles to constitute a month's work, with 3½ cents a mile for excess of that distance, and \$55 a month for passenger brakemen COLUMBUS, Kan., July 15.—A good rain fell this morning. The corn crop is assured.

GREAT BEND, Kan., July 15.—No rain yesterday. Hot winds are doing some damage.

BUILLYGITON, Kan. July 14.—A scalable.

AGAINS1 A FORMER CASHIER.

ATCHISON, Kan., July 15,—An action was filed in the district court to-day by the Atchison Guaranty Investment company against Frank H. Wilson, its former cashier, for the recovery of \$1,900 alleged to have been embezzled by him from the company. Wilson has been quite prominent in Atchison business and social circles for several years, and the serious charge against him created a profound sensation.

SENTENCEO FOR CONTEMPT.

MANHATTAN, Kan., July 15.—In the court today Moses Samuels, original package dealer, was fined \$100 and costs and sent to jail for thirty days for disobeying Judge Spilman's temporary injunction order. Samuels thought his release on habeas corpus by Judge Foster last week relieved him of obeyance of the order of Judge Spilman, although he had been enjoined by Judge Foster. Sheriff Myers executed the papers in the above case.

THE PEOPLE'S PARTY. EMPORIA, Kan., July 15.—The People's sarty is holding its county convention ere today. Delegates will be chosen for he Topeka convention and a full county locket nominated. ticket nominated.

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION. TOPERA, Kan., July 13.—The state board f equalization is in session here today relative to the valuation.

INTO THE HANDS OF RECEIVERS. SAN ANTONIO, Tex., July 15.—The San Antonio and Arunsas Pass railway went Antonio and Artinization of receivers resternizy. B. F. Yocum, its general manager, and J. McNamara, of the International & Great Northern, were appointed receivers. Bond was fixed at \$23,000, which they gave. The total indeptedness of the road is \$16,000,000, and more than that amount of assets. President Lott has issued a circular saying that the company was doing a prosaying that the company was doing a pros-perous business, was all right and would

BURGLARS AT PLAINVILLE.

POWDER'S HAVOC.

FROM LIFE TO AWFUL DEATH IN AN INSTANT.

Sixteen Tons of Powder Exploded at the Mills Near Cincinnati.

Ten Dead Bodies Taken From the Ruins -Thirty Known to be Injured.

The Factory Buildings, Cartridge Works and Tenement Houses Completely Wrecked and Burned-A Large Minneapolis Warehouse Destroyed by Fire-Other Casualties.

CINCINNATI, O., July 15.—A terrible explosion occurred late this afternoon at King's powder mills, on the Little Miami railroad, twenty-six miles east of this city. Six persons were killed and a dozen or Six persons were killed and a dozen or more seriously injured. Two empty freight cars were being rolled into a side track where a car containing 509 kegs of gunpowder was standing. As the cars struck there was a terrific explosion and immediately afterward another car containing 800 kegs of gunpowder exploded, making 1,300 kegs altogether.

William F. Ruley, brakeman in the service of the Little Miami, was standing on one of the empty cars when the explosion occurred. His body must have been blown to atoms. No trace of it has been found. Five other persons supposed to be employes of the powder company were killed.

The Kings Powder company and the Peters Cartridge works have works on both sides of the river along the railroad. The explosion occurred on the south side and the destruction was enormous. There

and the destruction was enormous. There are a number of cottages occupied by workmen in the powder factory and situated close to the track. These were scattered by the explosion and their inmates injured. Twelve or fifteen girls at work injured. Twelve or fifteen girls at work in the cartridge factory were crippled by the explosion. The railway station and the freight house belonging to the Little Miami railroad together with all the adjacent buildings were set on fire and totally consumed.

The havoc wrought by the explosion of these sixteen tons of powder is dreadful.

BURIED UNDER THE SAND.

PITIBRURG, Pa., July 15 — While excavating for a new building on Smithfield street, at 10 o clock this morning, an embankment caved in, burying three men. Two of them, Alexander Murphy and Anthony Carbony, were rescoel without much trouble, but the third, Michael Eagan, the contractor, was buried under six feet of sand and it was fifteen minutes before he was taken out. He was still living but will die. The others will recover. out will die. The others will recover.

ENGINEER AND FIREMAN KILLED. ROCHECTER, N. Y., July 15.—Waiter W.,
Harris, of Buffalo, and William Collopy,
of Hinsdale, engineer and fireman of a
West Shore freight train, were killed in a
collision between their train and a Westcollision between their train and a Westcern New York & Philadelphia train at the
Genesee Valley junction four miles south
take city this marging. this city this morning.

A FRISCO DEPOT BURNED. Ellaworts, Kan., July 15.—The Frisco depot at this place was struck by light-ning last night during the storm and burned to the ground, together with all its

AN ELEVATOR CONSUMED. SLATER, Mo. July 13.—The Gilliam Elevator, owned by F. H. Gilliam & Co., was destroyed by fire this morning.

TENNESSEE DEMOCRATS.

Nashville, Tenn., July 15.—The Demo ratic convention was called to order at toon by the chairman of the state execuamittee, who after making a shor address announced the name of Hon N W. Baptist, of Tipton county, as tem-porary secretary. Hon. James Richard-son from the Fifth district will be permanent chairman. The organization will be controlled by the Wheelers. There is likely to be no trouble with the platform At the afternoon session the only business transacted was the hearing of the report of the committee on permanent or-ganization. Congressman James D. Rich-ardson was made permanent chairman and E. B. Ware, an Alliance man, chief

scretary. In the evening the majority and minor In the evening the imajority and immos-ity reports were submitted by the com-mittee on credentials, the latter being adopted after some debate. The commit-tee on platform then submitted its report. One ballot for governor was taken as follows: Buchanan 750, Baxter 297, Tay-lor 177, Patterson 370.

EFFECTS OF THE BILL Fear of Gold Export Tends to Keep Stocks Down

NEW YORK, July 15.-If it were not for fear that the gold exports may give trouble this market would go up sharply. The outward movement of gold is associated in the mind of the average investor or trader with the idea of a tight mone? market hence as soon as an eugagement market: hence as soon as an eagagement of gold is announced he gets timid about interest rates. He begins to think of what stock he is carrying and if it would not be cheaper to sell out and hay back later. In the last week a strong motor was supplied to lift the market in the agreement on the silver market in the agreement on the silver bill, its passage by the senate, and the moral certainty that it would pass the house and become a law some time. moral certainty that it would pass the nouse and become a law some time Against this there was the export of \$2,-000,000 of gold which went out by yester-day's steamers. More will go, for ex-change rates held close up to the exporting point; but there is little chance that the amount will be large enough to make itself felt in the money market, in view of the large additions about to be made to the currency.

The havoe wrought by the explosion of these sixteen tons of powder is dreadful. The track and ties of the railroad are fairly torn out of the ground and a great hole ploughed in the ground. The Peters cartridge factory was burned to the ground and nothing but a mass of blackened, smoldering ruins remain to mark the spot where the building stood.

As soon as the news reached this city, about 5 o'clock, a relief train was dispatched to the scene of the disaster with Superintendent Peters and a large party of surgeons on board and relief was afforded the sufferers as soon as possible. The work of the searching for the missing and caring for the wounded is now progressing.

It is hardly possible that the train will

regressing.

It is hardly possible that the train will return from King's Mills earlier than 10 o'clock and further particulars will be obtained then.

News from King's Mills at 9 o'clock to night are that ten dead bodies have been taken from the ruins and thirty are known to be wounded.

From all reports by private telegraph and telephone the messages from the vicinity of King station, the loss of property by explosion was about \$80,000. The time of its occurrence was between 4 and 5 o'clock, but everything around that place is on fire and at midnight fiames

The conference was secret min has not yet been anamoured.

AGAINST A FORMER CASHER, ATCHESN KAN, July 18,—An extended of the occurrence was between the first court to-day by the min of its occurrence was between the first court to-day by the min of its occurrence was between the first court to-day by the min of the occurrence was between the first court to-day by the min of the occurrence was between the first court to-day by the min of the occurrence was between the first court to-day by the min of the court of the cou

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

SCRASTON, Kan., July 15.—Last night during the storm Swan McAlliston, a miner, was struck and instantly killed by lightning. The boil entered an open window, striking him in the breast and burning him to a crisp. He was 28 years of age, unmarried and the sold support of his mother.

NATIONAL MINERS COMMITTEE.

Columnta, O., July 15.—The national executive committee of the mine workers union of America in session bere today decided to bring suit in behalf of the families of the men who lost their lives in the mine at Dunbar against the company for glow in each case.

They this afternoon considered the Illings strike question in executive session. It is practically certain a strike will be NATIONAL MINERS COMMITTEE. It is practically certain a strike will ordered.

> LOWDON, July IX.—The ten days' fete at though he hovers between life and death, it is thought he has a chance to recover, any of Belgian independence and the twenty fifth year of King Leopold's reign commences on the Zuh inst with the unveiling by the burgomaster of several statues which complete the historical decorations of the Sablon square, between the old palace of the Arenburgs and the still charter agreeing to discharge all non-union men with the understanding older Sablon church. BELGIUM'S INDEPENDENCE

older Sablon church.

TO MOTHER EARTH.

CONSIGNING THE MORTAL REMAINS TO THE GRAVE.

Forty-Four of Lake Pepin's Victims Receive the Last Duty of Loving Hands.

A Mother Clasping Her Babe, a Family of Eight and a Bride and Groom Among Those Buried.

An Inquest Begun by the Coroner Stopped Because Without Authority of Law -Bitter Feelings Toward the Captain and Crew-No More Bodies Recovered.

RED WING, Minn., July 15.—When the rescuers, who were taking out the dead bodies of the victims of the sea. Wing disaster at Lake City. Sanday night, reached the cubin, they found clasped in its mother's arms and held to the breast that had nourished it, the infant child of John Schieffler, of this city. Tenderly the mother and child were lifted from the wreck and placest in the long row of the dead, none desiring to withdraw the seem by sheeping infant from the sustaining arms. dead, none desiring to wishout the sustaining arms of the mother. Where they now lie they are alongside of their furshand and father and the baby's child sister in the German Luthren cemetery about two miles west.

The same cemetery today received the bodies of the eight members of the Georken family.

large additions about to be made to the currency.

But why, it is again asked, does the treasury offer a premium for gold exports by allowing fine bars to go? Various opinions may be entertained as to the permanency of a rise in the market value of silver, some centending that the advance can be temporary only, while others hold that the price has been artificially kept down; but there is no room for question as to the continuous additions to the circulating medium which the silver bill has effected.

In the first place there is the immediate release of the \$85,500,000 of money held in the treasury for the redemption of national bank notes, and then we get the monthly addition of currency notes, representing 4,500,000 ounces of silver. It is a continuous increase, each month adding to the common aggregate, and therefore, continuous interease, each month adding to the form the reason of the country.

It is also to be noted that very general satisfaction is expressed at the idea of an actual dollar's worth of silver, instead of a certificate which the government stamps as worth \$1, when, in fact, there streams are sum-different to the grave.

Strong words and his bride were hursed in the same centery. Their actual the from the German Lotheran church, and their bodies are now interested in the same centery. Their actual these and the same centery. Their actual the beam daughter Lizzie, were buried in the same centery. Their actual the beam daughter Lizzie, were buried in the beam daughter Lizzie, were buried in the same centery. Their actual the beam daughter Lizzie, were buried in the same centery. Their actual the beam daughter Lizzie, were buried in the beam daughter Lizzie, were buried in the same centery. Their actual the beam daughter Lizzie, were buried in the same centery. Their actual the beam daughter Lizzie, were buried in the same centery. Their actual the beam daughter Lizzie, wer family. Herman Hempftling and his bride were

Strong words and bitter thoughts are

Strong words and hitter thoughts are on the lips and in the mind of almost every one that is to be met with around town. Captain Wethern, who commanded the Sea Wing, and his crew are denounced vigorously and if all that is said were true, they would surely receive speedy justice. Even though conflicting stories are told of the occurrence, the condition of the crew and of the orders of the captain, enough seems to be established to bring upon them some strong and well deserved censures. The mildest and best view of the whole sad affair would seem to indicate a worful inck of judgment on the part of the captain in leaving the shore to go out into such a storm.

of the captain in leaving the same ago out into such a storm.

Coroner Kyllo this afternoon called a jury carefully selecting those who were in no way connected with any of the dead. The one on whose remains the inquest was held is A. O. Anderson, of Buxton, S. D. The inquest began at a photock this eve-

FRUITLESS SEARCH FOR VICTIMS.

St. Part. Minn. July 15.—Thousands of curious people today visited the scene of Sunday night's cyclone at laske Gervals. The place of action of the sterm has lest none of its ghastliness. The scarch for the bodies of the three missing victims has not yet resulted in success. All day today parties of scarchers have been scouring the woods and the swamps in the vicinity and bary among the passengers who had been have among the passengers who had been had b state of affairs. There were those on the barge among the passengers who had been drinking and whose actions drove the women and children to the cabin and this fact may be another ground for the ro-mor. Another rumor that caused great indignation was that which socused the captain of ordering the cabin door looked and keeping the people inside. The cap-tain was blamed for penning the people up where death was sure to come.

ANOTHER CYCLONE VICTIM. MINNEAPOLIS, Minn, July 15.—Another victim of the Lake City cyclone died yeaterday. It was Mrs. J. Clark, whose home at little Canada was weeked. Her left arm was torn off and her lung exposed, she died in great agony. A sliver percent her hand though he bovers between the and death,